## FY 2021-2022

ANNUAL WORKFORCE REPORT
STATE PERSONNEL SYSTEM \| FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT SERVICES

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY ..... 2
APPENDIX A ..... 6
State Government Employees to State Population ..... 7
State Government Full-Time Equivalent Employment to State Population ..... 8
State Government Employee Payroll Expenditures per State Resident ..... 9
State of Florida's Personnel Systems ..... 10
Established Positions by Personnel System and Pay Plan ..... 11
State Personnel System Entities ..... 12
Workforce Profile. ..... 13
Established Position Count by Agency ..... 14
Employee Count by Agency ..... 15
Employee Count by Agency and Pay Plan ..... 16
Other Personal Services Employment ..... 17
Established Positions Included in Collective Bargaining Units ..... 18
Employee Representation and Dues Paying Membership by Labor Organization ..... 19
Separations: Career Service ..... 20
Involuntary Career Service Separations by Agency ..... 21
Voluntary Career Service Separations by Agency ..... 22
Veterans' Recruitment Plan ..... 23
Equal Employment Opportunity Overview ..... 24
Status of Affirmative Action Plans ..... 25
Employees by Job Category ..... 26
Minority Representation by Pay Plan. ..... 27
Gender Representation by Pay Plan ..... 27
Race and Gender Demographics: By Agency ..... 28
Employees Who Have a Disability by Job Category ..... 29
Employees Who Have a Disability by Pay Plan ..... 30
APPENDIX B ..... 31
Classification and Pay Plans ..... 32
Average Salary by Agency and Pay Plan ..... 33
Pay Additives: Career Service ..... 34
Average Benefits Cost by Pay Plan ..... 35
Comparison of Benefits by Pay Plan ..... 36
Average Total Compensation Cost: Salaries and Benefits ..... 40

## Executive Summary

The Florida Department of Management Services (DMS) prepares the State Personnel System (SPS) Annual Workforce Report, per section 110.201(5), Florida Statutes (F.S.), to identify trends and support data-driven planning and improvement of SPS human resources management. The data represented in this 29th Annual Workforce Report spans July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022, and is generated from the People First data warehouse, unless otherwise noted. This report highlights key trends and projections, and it presents the following statutorily required reports:

- Veterans' Recruitment Plan, section 295.07(6)(b), F.S.
- Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action Report, sections 110.112(2)(e), 110.112(3)(c)2, and 110.112(3)(d), F.S.
- Pay Additives Report, section 110.2035(7)(e), F.S.
- Classification Plans for Senior Management and Selected Exempt Services, sections 110.406(1) and 110.606(1), F.S., respectively.
- Savings Sharing Program Report, section 110.1245(1)(d), F.S.


## Fiscal Year 2021-2022 Workforce Events

- Minimum Wage Increase - Effective July 1, 2021, the Florida Legislature established a new minimum wage of $\$ 13.00$ per hour for eligible employees, including full-time equivalent positions in the Career Service, Selected Exempt Service, the Senior Management Service, non-Career Service employees of the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and other personal services (OPS) positions.

Funds were also provided to grant pay adjustments to agency heads based upon each agency's workload, budget, complexity of agency assignments, number of agency positions, and agency mission, as approved by the Executive Office of the Governor.

- Benefits Enhancements - The Division of State Group Insurance (DSGI) implemented the Diabetes Pilot Program. This program utilizes a digital health platform for diabetes management with DSGI's participating health plans to monitor eligible enrollees' HbA1c and hyperglycemia levels.


## Workforce Design

## State of Florida Government

Florida has several primary state government employers and a few other pay plans (employment categories). Primary employers include the SPS, the state universities (each with its own personnel program), the Justice Administration System, the State Courts System, the Legislature, and the Florida Lottery. The other pay plans include Fixed Salary-Elected or Appointed Officials, Fixed Salary-Senior Management Service Benefits, Fixed Salary-Senior Management Service Leave Benefits, the Governor's Office, Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and the Florida National Guard. The SPS is the largest personnel system in Florida state government, and is comprised of state employees in Career Service, Selected Exempt Service, and Senior Management Service pay plans. The State University System is comprised of 12 separate personnel systems for each public university.

In fiscal year (FY) 2021-2022, the total number of established positions in the SPS decreased by 355 positions ( $0.4 \%$ ) over the previous five years, from 97,218 in 2018 to 96,863 in 2022. Over the same time, the number of employees decreased by 10,210 ( $11.4 \%$ ), from 89,236 to 79,026 .

## SPS Structure

Employees of the SPS fall under three primary employment categories: Career Service, Selected Exempt Service, and Senior Management Service. Of the 96,863 available positions in FY 2021-2022, over 81\% were filled.

## Talent Development, Recruitment, and Retention

During FY 2021-22, the SPS continued to outpace the nation in employee retention underscoring Governor DeSantis' ongoing initiatives to attract top talent and retain high-performing employees. While the SPS was not immune to the landscape shifts seen in the national workforce, additional strategies were deployed to help bolster its workforce, as outlined in the Salary Trends section below.

The Career Service turnover rate was 17.7 percent in FY 2021-2022, a 2\% increase from the prior year turnover rate of $15.7 \%,{ }^{1}$. This, however, was still significantly lower than the U.S. average turnover rate of $47 \%{ }^{2}$ Dismissals and failed probationary periods were the top two separation reasons for involuntary Career Service separations at 872 and 416, respectively. Voluntary separation reasons with the most significant increases in a single year were "Move within State of Florida Government" at 76.7\%, "Move to Private Sector" at 42.2\%, and "Moved to Non-State of Florida Government" at 22.9\%.

## Veterans' Recruitment Plans

Chapter 295, F.S., covers the requirements for veterans' preference (VP) and recruitment. Eligible veterans who apply for Career Service positions while claiming preference in the State of Florida will receive preference in the hiring and selection process. In addition, section $295.07(6)(a)$, F.S., requires each state agency to develop and implement a written veterans' recruitment plan that establishes annual goals for ensuring the full use of veterans in the agency's workforce. Goals within respective agencies cover a broad range of activities that include hosting and participating in job fairs targeted at veteran populations, providing internships and on-the-job training opportunities for transitioning service members, and working with local veteran advocacy groups to increase awareness of job opportunities within the veterans' communities. In accordance with section 295.07 (6)(b), F.S., DMS collects and reports the number of persons who claim veterans' preference, the number of persons who are hired through veterans' preference, and the number of persons who are employed as a result of a veterans' recruitment plan.

In FY 2021-2022, a total of 21,259 people claimed VP. Of the 1,252 VP candidates selected for hire, 1,126 were hired as a direct result of a Veterans' Recruitment Plan. This is a $15.9 \%$ increase from FY 2020-2021 when only 975 people were hired as a direct result of a plan.

## Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action Plans

Creating and maintaining a diverse workforce in state government is a key objective for the State of Florida. Per section 110.112(1), F.S., the SPS will fully utilize the diversity of Florida's human resources and provide equal employment opportunities through Affirmative Action (AA) programs. Sections 110.112(2)(a) and (b), F.S., require each executive agency to develop and implement an AA Plan, establishing annual goals for ensuring full utilization of groups underrepresented in its workforce. Section 110.112 (3)(c)1, F.S., requires each executive agency to develop an agencyspecific plan that addresses how to promote employment opportunities for individuals who have a disability.

DMS is required to report information relating to the implementation, continuance, updating, and results of each executive agency's AA Plan for the previous FY, pursuant to section 110.112(2)(e), F.S., and to report on the agencies' progress in implementing their agency-specific plans in accordance with section 110.112(3)(c)2, F.S.

For FY 2021-2022, of the $29^{3}$ SPS agencies required to have an AA plan, 22 reported that they had either developed and implemented or were in the process of updating a plan that outlined goals for utilization of underrepresented groups. These plans identified innovative ideas and successful special programs agencies utilize to recruit minorities, women,

[^0]and individuals with disabilities, including but not limited to job fairs, job shadowing, internships, on-the-job training, mentorships, and situational assessments.

## Workforce Compensation

## Salary Trends

The SPS average salary continues to increase. For example, over the last five years, the SPS average salary has increased from $\$ 41,348$ to $\$ 45,436$, or $9.9 \%$. During FY 2021-2022, the Legislature provided targeted competitive pay increases to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, elevating the base salary for attorneys to $\$ 48,000.00$.

Effective July 1, 2021, the Florida Legislature established a new minimum wage of $\$ 13.00$ per hour for eligible employees, including full-time equivalent positions in the Career Service, Selected Exempt Service, the Senior Management Service, non-career service employees of the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and other personal services (OPS) positions.

Funds were also provided to grant pay adjustments to agency heads based upon each agency's workload, budget, complexity of agency assignments, number of agency positions, and agency mission, as approved by the Executive Office of the Governor.

## Pay Additives: Career Service

Section 110.2035(7)(e), F.S., requires DMS to provide an annual summary report of pay additives implemented pursuant to section 110.2035 (7). Pay additives are added to and removed from a Career Service employee's base rate of pay depending upon the needs or circumstances for which the additives are given. In addition to the competitive pay increases mentioned above, the Legislature also granted agencies the authority to provide pay additives, critical market pay adjustments, and other incentives for employees in specific geographic locations and critical-needs positions across the state to improve retention efforts within the SPS.

## Position Classification

As the foundation for many key human resource (HR) processes, position classification provides the means to evaluate jobs, determine the nature and complexity of the work being performed, and to categorize that work. Positions are organized under a broadband classification and compensation system that groups them into broad job categories called job families. Positions are further divided into occupational groups and later into occupations with up to six levels of performance within each occupation. The accompanying pay plan structure provides for 25 pay bands for all occupational groups.

Sections $110.406(1)$ and $110.606(1)$, F.S., requires DMS to compile data regarding the administration of the Senior Management and Selected Exempt Services. The information below and other information throughout this report has been provided by DMS to comply with these requirements.

The SPS utilized 23 job families, 38 occupational groups, and 235 occupations:

- Career Service: 188 occupations and 17 pay bands
- Selected Exempt Service: 150 occupations and 22 pay bands
- Senior Management Service: 25 occupations and four pay bands


## Total Compensation

Total compensation is defined as the total salary and benefits package provided to recruit and retain a high-performance workforce for the SPS. The State of Florida offers a wide range of benefit options for its employees that include paid annual sick leave, nine paid holidays each year, a Personal Holiday (one day of paid leave to be used by June $30^{\text {th }}$ of each year), and State Group Health Insurance coverage, including dental and vision insurance options. The state also offers State Group Life Insurance (optional additional life insurance), and a contributory retirement plan through the Florida Retirement System. Employees have the option of enrolling in one of two primary retirement plans: a defined benefit plan known as the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan (PP) and a defined contribution plan known as the FRS Investment Plan (IP). These elements comprise the State of Florida's robust total compensation package. In addition to those benefits listed above, employees in the Selected Exempt and Senior Management Services receive disability insurance.

As of June 30, 2022, the average total compensation cost for each pay plan was as follows:

- Career Service: $\mathbf{\$ 7 4 , 8 6 5}$. Includes $\$ 40,803$ (54.5\%) in salary plus $\$ 34,062$ (45.5\%) in benefits. The Career Service benefits package had a value equivalent to $83.5 \%$ of the average salary.
- Selected Exempt Service: $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 5 , 3 5 1}$. Includes $\$ 61,623(58.5 \%)$ in salary plus $\$ 43,728(41.5 \%)$ in benefits. The Selected Exempt Service benefits package had a value equivalent to $71.0 \%$ of the average salary.
- Senior Management Service: \$210,089. Includes \$122,353 (58.2\%) in salary plus \$87,736 (41.8 \%) in benefits. The Senior Management Service benefits package had a value equivalent to $71.7 \%$ of the average salary.


## Savings Sharing Program

DMS is required to compile an annual report on each level of participation in the Savings Sharing Program in accordance with subsection 110.1245(1)(d), F.S. The Savings Sharing Program was implemented in FY 2001-2002 in accordance with section 110.1245, F.S., and Chapter 60L-37, Florida Administrative Code, with the intent to provide a process by which agencies can retain a portion of their budget for implementing internally generated program efficiencies and cost reductions and then redirect the savings to employees. This program grants employees the opportunity to submit a written proposal of their ideas to increase productivity, eliminate or reduce state expenditures, improve operations, or generate additional revenue. If the proposal is adopted and implemented, the agency can recognize the employee or group of employees submitting the proposal with a cash award based on the actual cost savings. The award requires approval by the Legislative Budget Commission. No participation in the program was reported by the agencies for FY 2021-2022.


## State Government Employees to State Population

## (Full and Part Time)

The United States Census Bureau requires each state to report the total number of state government employees, full-time and part-time, for March of each year. This number is compared to each state's estimated population as of July of each year. The ratio of employees to 10,000 in population is a useful indicator for comparing the efficiency of state workforces.


## States with the Fastest-Growing Population Changes July 2021-July 2022

1. Florida $1.91 \%$
2. Idaho $1.82 \%$
3. South Carolina $1.72 \%$
4. Texas $1.59 \%$
5. South Dakota $1.52 \%$
6. Montana $1.50 \%$
7. Delaware $1.35 \%$
8. Arizona $1.30 \%$
9. North Carolina $1.26 \%$
10. Utah $1.25 \%$
[^1]
## State Government Full-Time Equivalent Employment to State Population

The United States Census Bureau requires each state to report the total number of state government full-time equivalent ${ }^{1}$ employment for March of each year. This number is compared to each state's estimated population as of July of each year. The ratio of full-time equivalent employment to 10,000 in population is a useful indicator for comparing the efficiency of state workforces.

Ratio of State Government Full-Time Equivalent Employment to State Population ${ }^{2}$


## 10 States with the Lowest Ratios

1. Florida 82
2. Nevada 94
3. Illinois 96
4. Arizona 102
5. Texas 108
6. California 110
7. Ohio 110
8. Tennessee 111
9. Georgia 113
10. Wisconsin 115

2021 National Average 1642020 National Average 171

[^2]
## State Government Employee Payroll Expenditures per State Resident

The United States Census Bureau requires each state to report the total state public payroll expenditures for March of each year. This number is then compared to each state's estimated population as of July of each year. Based on the data, the figures indicate that Florida's state government workforce has the lowest payroll cost per state resident.

## State Government Employee Payroll Expenditures per State Resident ${ }^{1}$



## Lowest Public Payroll Ratios

| 1. | Florida | $\$ 40$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | Arizona | $\$ 53$ |
| 3. | Nevada | $\$ 54$ |
| 4. | Tennessee | $\$ 55$ |
| 5. | Missouri | $\$ 56$ |
| 6. | Georgia | $\$ 58$ |
| 7. | Texas | $\$ 61$ |
| 8. | Ohio | $\$ 63$ |
| 9. | Illinois | $\$ 63$ |
| 10. | Indiana | $\$ 64$ |

2021 National Average \$90

[^3]
## State of Florida's Personnel Systems

The SPS is the primary personnel system for the Executive Branch of Florida government. It is the largest of the five uniform state personnel systems (the others being the Florida Lottery, the Legislature, the Justice Administration System, and the State Courts System) and it is larger than any of the state's university personnel systems. The SPS encompasses various state agencies with positions in its applicable pay plans (the career service, the selected exempt service, and the senior management service).


| Personnel System | Percentage of Established Positions as of June 30 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ |
| State Personnel System | $59.5 \%$ | $59.0 \%$ | $58.6 \%$ | $58.6 \%$ | $58.8 \%$ |
| State Universities | $29.9 \%$ | $30.4 \%$ | $30.9 \%$ | $30.8 \%$ | $30.5 \%$ |
| Justice Administration System | $6.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |
| State Courts System | $2.0 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| Legislature | $0.9 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| Florida Lottery | $0.3 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ |
| Other Pay Plans | $1.0 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |

## Established Positions by Personnel System and Pay Plan

| Personnel System | Pay Plan | Established Positions ${ }^{1}$ As of June 30 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| State Personnel System | Career Service | 79,856 | 80,074 | 80,114 | 80,188 | 79,252 |
|  | Selected Exempt Service | 16,745 | 16,810 | 16,867 | 16,899 | 16,984 |
|  | Senior Management Service | 617 | 619 | 609 | 612 | 627 |
|  | Total | 97,218 | 97,503 | 97,590 | 97,699 | 96,863 |
| State Universities ${ }^{2}$ | General Faculty and All Others | 48,855 | 50,273 | 51,464 | 51,328 | 50,298 |
| Justice <br> Administration System | State Attorneys | 3,754 | 3,715 | 3,726 | 3,712 | 3,761 |
|  | Public Defenders | 1,205 | 1,154 | 1,200 | 1,233 | 1,304 |
|  | State Attorneys with Paid Insurance | 2,282 | 2,331 | 2,315 | 2,323 | 2,276 |
|  | Public Defenders with Paid Insurance | 1,766 | 1,833 | 1,787 | 1,788 | 1,707 |
|  | Capital Collateral Regional Counsel | 95 | 95 | 95 | 98 | 98 |
|  | Justice Administrative Commission | 1,286 | 1,349 | 1,382 | 1,408 | 1,446 |
|  | Total | 10,388 | 10,477 | 10,505 | 10,562 | 10,592 |
| State Courts System | Courts | 2,259 | 2,267 | 2,268 | 2,345 | 2,347 |
|  | Courts with Paid Insurance | 1,076 | 1,076 | 1,082 | 1,082 | 1,105 |
|  | Total | 3,335 | 3,343 | 3,350 | 3,427 | 3,452 |
| Legislature ${ }^{3}$ | Legislative Staff | 1,528 | 1,557 | 1,551 | 1,549 | 1,555 |
| Florida Lottery | Non-Managerial | 379 | 380 | 380 | 381 | 380 |
|  | Managerial | 40 | 39 | 39 | 37 | 39 |
|  | Total | 419 | 419 | 419 | 418 | 419 |
| Other <br> Pay Plans | Other Exempt-Fixed Annual Salary ${ }^{4}$ | 1,076 | 1,081 | 1,086 | 1,085 | 1,105 |
|  | Exempt (Governor's Office) | 280 | 283 | 294 | 289 | 292 |
|  | School for the Deaf and the Blind ${ }^{5}$ | 235 | 237 | 237 | 239 | 240 |
|  | Florida National Guard | 24 | 23 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
|  | Total | 1,615 | 1,624 | 1,630 | 1,626 | 1,650 |
|  | Total | 163,358 | 163,358 | 165,196 | 166,509 | 164,829 |

[^4]
## State Personnel System Entities

There are 30 departments, agencies, and other autonomous entities within the Executive Branch of Florida government that are covered under the provisions of Chapter 110, State Employment, of the Florida Statutes. Each entity operates within the same state and federal laws but with managerial decentralization. The following chart depicts the entities governed by the SPS during FY 2021-2022.


[^5]
## Workforce Profile

|  | State Personnel System | Career Service | Selected Exempt Service | Senior Management Service |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POSITIONS | 96,863 | 79,252 | 16,984 | 627 |
| EMPLOYEES | 79,026 | 63,131 | 15,314 | 581 |
| \% Female | 58.1\% | 57.6\% | 60.5\% | 42.9\% |
| \% Minorities ${ }^{1}$ | 45.1\% | 47.2\% | 37.3\% | 15.3\% |
| Average Age | 43.3 | 42.3 | 47.4 | 49.2 |
| Average Salary | \$45,436 | \$40,803 | \$61,623 | \$122,353 |
| Average Length of Service | 12.17 | 10.91 | 17.07 | 19.89 |
| GENDER |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 33,137 | 26,752 | 6,053 | 332 |
| Female | 45,889 | 36,379 | 9,261 | 249 |
| AVERAGE SALARY BY GENDER |  |  |  |  |
| Male | \$48,021 | \$42,880 | \$66,574 | \$124,036 |
| Female | \$43,569 | \$39,275 | \$58,386 | \$120,110 |
| RACE/ETHNICITY |  |  |  |  |
| White | 43,397 | 33,303 | 9,602 | 492 |
| Black or African American | 21,714 | 18,238 | 3,437 | 39 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 10,208 | 8,616 | 1,558 | 34 |
| Other ${ }^{2}$ | 3,707 | 2,974 | 717 | 16 |
| AVERAGE SALARY BY RACE/ETHNICITY |  |  |  |  |
| White | \$48,049 | \$42,264 | \$64,362 | \$121,349 |
| Black or African American | \$40,829 | \$38,330 | \$53,168 | \$122,665 |
| Hispanic or Latino | \$43,229 | \$39,746 | \$60,471 | \$136,077 |
| Other ${ }^{2}$ | \$47,917 | \$42,677 | \$67,961 | \$123,309 |
| LENGTH OF SERVICE |  |  |  |  |
| 0-4.99 years | 27,221 | 25,025 | 2,129 | 67 |
| 5.00-9.99 years | 15,516 | 12,480 | 2,968 | 68 |
| 10.00-19.99 years | 17,677 | 13,119 | 4,394 | 164 |
| 20.00-29.99 years | 11,973 | 8,201 | 3,617 | 155 |
| 30+ years | 6,639 | 4,306 | 2,206 | 127 |

[^6]
## Established Position Count by Agency

An established position is a position authorized by the Legislature that is in a classification plan and pay plan as provided by law. The table below represents a snapshot of the number of established positions within each agency as of June 30, 2022; however, this may not represent the total number of positions authorized by the Legislature since some agencies have positions in other pay plans outside of the SPS. This table also shows the five-year trend in the number of established positions by agency.

| Agency | Established Position Count |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | As of June 30 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2018-2022 } \\ & \text { \% Change } \end{aligned}$ | 2021-2022 <br> \% Change |
|  | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |  |  |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | 1,523 | 1,534 | 1,515 | 1,530 | 1,532 | 0.6\% | 0.1\% |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 2,706 | 2,705 | 2,702 | 2,689 | 2,703 | -0.1\% | 0.5\% |
| Agency for State Technology | 210 | 204 | -1 | - | - | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 3,655 | 3,652 | 3,694 | 3,738 | 3,724 | 1.9\% | -0.4\% |
| Business and Professional Regulation | 1,623 | 1,622 | 1,640 | 1,656 | 1,656 | 2.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Children and Families | 11,971 | 12,028 | 12,053 | 12,019 | 12,159 | 1.6\% | 1.2\% |
| Citrus | 41 | 41 | 38 | 27 | 26 | -36.6\% | -3.7\% |
| Commission on Offender Review | 129 | 129 | 129 | 129 | 147 | 14.0\% | 14.0\% |
| Corrections | 24,228 | 24,533 | 24,852 | 25,064 | 24,115 | -0.5\% | -3.8\% |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | 209 | 208 | 208 | 208 | 208 | -0.5\% | 0.0\% |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{2}$ | 47 | 43 | 52 | 53 | 60 | 27.7\% | 13.2\% |
| Economic Opportunity | 1,475 | 1,475 | 1,475 | 1,463 | 1,506 | 2.1\% | 2.9\% |
| Education | 2,320 | 2,290 | 2,270 | 2,268 | 2,271 | -2.1\% | 0.1\% |
| Elder Affairs | 424 | 408 | 405 | 405 | 408 | -3.8\% | 0.7\% |
| Environmental Protection | 2,902 | 2,890 | 2,909 | 2,914 | 2,979 | 2.7\% | 2.2\% |
| Financial Services | 2,593 | 2,589 | 2,576 | 2,569 | 2,546 | -1.8\% | -0.9\% |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | 2,124 | 2,124 | 2,118 | 2,119 | 2,119 | -0.2\% | 0.0\% |
| Health | 13,182 | 13,167 | 12,715 | 12,645 | 12,593 | -4.5\% | -0.4\% |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 4,380 | 4,350 | 4,338 | 4,340 | 4,325 | -1.3\% | -0.4\% |
| Juvenile Justice | 3,273 | 3,271 | 3,281 | 3,285 | 3,239 | -1.0\% | -1.4\% |
| Law Enforcement | 1,892 | 1,906 | 1,934 | 1,948 | 1,933 | 2.2\% | -0.8\% |
| Legal Affairs | 1,347 | 1,303 | 1,316 | 1,335 | 1,249 | -7.3\% | -6.4\% |
| Management Services | 837 | 841 | 1,050 | 1,064 | 1,058 | 26.4\% | -0.6\% |
| Military Affairs ${ }^{2}$ | 429 | 431 | 441 | 439 | 440 | 2.6\% | 0.2\% |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{2}$ | 103 | 104 | 105 | 105 | 108 | 4.9\% | 2.9\% |
| Public Service Commission | 262 | 262 | 266 | 266 | 260 | -0.8\% | -2.3\% |
| Revenue | 5,062 | 5,040 | 5,033 | 5,036 | 5,008 | -1.1\% | -0.6\% |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind ${ }^{2}$ | 450 | 445 | 443 | 441 | 440 | -2.2\% | -0.2\% |
| State | 408 | 408 | 408 | 414 | 409 | 0.3\% | -1.2\% |
| Transportation | 6,300 | 6,236 | 6,212 | 6,053 | 6,161 | -2.2\% | 1.8\% |
| Veterans' Affairs | 1,113 | 1,264 | 1,412 | 1,477 | 1,481 | 33.1\% | 0.3\% |
| Total Established Positions | 97,218 | 97,503 | 97,590 | 97,699 | 96,863 | -0.4\% | -0.9\% |

[^7]
## Employee Count by Agency

Employee count is the total number of actual employees within an agency, excluding OPS employees. The table below represents a snapshot of the number of employees within each agency as of June 30, 2022, and includes the five-year trend.

| Agency | Employee Count ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | As of June 30 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2018/2022 } \\ & \text { \% Change } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 2021/2022 } \\ & \text { \% Change } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |  |  |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | 1,388 | 1,382 | 1,352 | 1,296 | 1,220 | -12.1\% | -5.9\% |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 2,467 | 2,333 | 2,349 | 2,018 | 1,928 | -21.9\% | -4.5\% |
| Agency for State Technology | 192 | 169 | - ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | - |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 3,416 | 3,394 | 3,342 | 3,239 | 3,240 | -5.2\% | 0.0\% |
| Business and Professional Regulation | 1,512 | 1,475 | 1,518 | 1,443 | 1,398 | -7.5\% | -3.1\% |
| Children and Families | 11,531 | 11,563 | 11,452 | 10,613 | 10,231 | -11.3\% | -3.6\% |
| Citrus | 28 | 28 | 27 | 25 | 22 | -21.4\% | -12.0\% |
| Commission on Offender Review | 118 | 121 | 129 | 129 | 128 | 8.5\% | -0.8\% |
| Corrections | 22,072 | 21,906 | 21,943 | 20,220 | 18,911 | -14.3\% | -6.5\% |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | 205 | 198 | 203 | 184 | 166 | -19.0\% | -9.8\% |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{3}$ | 45 | 37 | 50 | 49 | 54 | 20.0\% | 10.2\% |
| Economic Opportunity | 1,363 | 1,312 | 1,242 | 1,270 | 1,278 | -6.2\% | 0.6\% |
| Education | 2,094 | 1,995 | 1,995 | 1,919 | 1,846 | -11.8\% | -3.8\% |
| Elder Affairs | 399 | 377 | 335 | 323 | 321 | -19.6\% | -0.6\% |
| Environmental Protection | 2,759 | 2,729 | 2,716 | 2,664 | 2,754 | -0.2\% | 3.4\% |
| Financial Services | 2,305 | 2,271 | 2,232 | 2,232 | 2,075 | -10.0\% | -7.0\% |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | 2,060 | 2,029 | 2,032 | 1,957 | 2,019 | -2.0\% | 3.2\% |
| Health | 11,768 | 11,164 | 11,074 | 10,935 | 10,249 | -12.9\% | -6.3\% |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 4,039 | 4,015 | 3,930 | 3,790 | 3,681 | -8.9\% | -2.9\% |
| Juvenile Justice | 2,984 | 2,988 | 2,929 | 2,703 | 2,439 | -18.3\% | -9.8\% |
| Law Enforcement | 1,731 | 1,720 | 1,702 | 1,672 | 1,631 | -5.8\% | -2.5\% |
| Legal Affairs | 1,158 | 1,125 | 1,130 | 1,130 | 986 | -14.9\% | -12.7\% |
| Management Services | 785 | 748 | 937 | 919 | 928 | 18.2\% | 1.0\% |
| Military Affairs ${ }^{3}$ | 396 | 411 | 405 | 399 | 379 | -4.3\% | -5.0\% |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{3}$ | 71 | 72 | 76 | 85 | 96 | 35.2\% | 12.9\% |
| Public Service Commission | 246 | 241 | 236 | 226 | 230 | -6.5\% | 1.8\% |
| Revenue | 4,594 | 4,483 | 4,363 | 4,164 | 4,109 | -10.6\% | -1.3\% |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind ${ }^{3}$ | 405 | 403 | 406 | 400 | 384 | -5.2\% | -4.0\% |
| State | 382 | 369 | 350 | 348 | 329 | -13.9\% | -5.5\% |
| Transportation | 5,662 | 5,544 | 5,437 | 5,236 | 5,152 | -9.0\% | -1.6\% |
| Veterans' Affairs | 1,061 | 1,046 | 1,029 | 930 | 842 | -20.6\% | -9.5\% |
| Total Employees | 89,236 | 87,647 | 86,921 | 82,478 | 79,026 | -11.4\% | -4.2\% |

[^8]
## Employee Count by Agency and Pay Plan

| Agency | Employees by Pay Plan |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Career Service | Percent | Selected <br> Exempt <br> Service | Percent | Senior Management Service | Percent |  |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | 871 | 71.4\% | 340 | 27.9\% | 9 | 0.7\% | 1,220 |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 1,417 | 73.5\% | 503 | 26.1\% | 8 | 0.4\% | 1,928 |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 2,493 | 76.9\% | 721 | 22.3\% | 26 | 0.8\% | 3,240 |
| Business and Professional Regulation | 1,015 | 72.6\% | 364 | 26.0\% | 19 | 1.4\% | 1,398 |
| Children and Families | 8,014 | 78.3\% | 2,188 | 21.4\% | 29 | 0.3\% | 10,231 |
| Citrus | 7 | 31.8\% | 13 | 59.1\% | 2 | 9.1\% | 22 |
| Commission on Offender Review | 92 | 71.9\% | 32 | 25.0\% | 4 | 3.1\% | 128 |
| Corrections | 17,742 | 93.8\% | 1,141 | 6.0\% | 28 | 0.1\% | 18,911 |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | 80 | 48.2\% | 84 | 50.6\% | 2 | 1.2\% | 166 |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{1}$ | - | 0.0\% | 50 | 92.6\% | 4 | 7.4\% | 54 |
| Economic Opportunity | 919 | 71.9\% | 347 | 27.2\% | 12 | 0.9\% | 1,278 |
| Education | 1,189 | 64.4\% | 622 | 33.7\% | 35 | 1.9\% | 1,846 |
| Elder Affairs | 216 | 67.3\% | 99 | 30.8\% | 6 | 1.9\% | 321 |
| Environmental Protection | 2,123 | 77.1\% | 602 | 21.9\% | 29 | 1.1\% | 2,754 |
| Financial Services | 1,449 | 69.8\% | 584 | 28.1\% | 42 | 2.0\% | 2,075 |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | 1,661 | 82.3\% | 334 | 16.5\% | 24 | 1.2\% | 2,019 |
| Health | 8,079 | 78.8\% | 2,101 | 20.5\% | 69 | 0.7\% | 10,249 |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 3,160 | 85.8\% | 509 | 13.8\% | 12 | 0.3\% | 3,681 |
| Juvenile Justice | 1,828 | 74.9\% | 588 | 24.1\% | 23 | 0.9\% | 2,439 |
| Law Enforcement | 1,399 | 85.8\% | 215 | 13.2\% | 17 | 1.0\% | 1,631 |
| Legal Affairs | 445 | 45.1\% | 516 | 52.3\% | 25 | 2.5\% | 986 |
| Management Services | 595 | 64.1\% | 312 | 33.6\% | 21 | 2.3\% | 928 |
| Military Affairs ${ }^{1}$ | 287 | 75.7\% | 88 | 23.2\% | 4 | 1.1\% | 379 |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{1}$ | - | 0.0\% | 60 | 62.5\% | 36 | 37.5\% | 96 |
| Public Service Commission | 116 | 50.4\% | 103 | 44.8\% | 11 | 4.8\% | 230 |
| Revenue | 3,355 | 81.7\% | 743 | 18.1\% | 11 | 0.3\% | 4,109 |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind ${ }^{1}$ | 345 | 89.8\% | 39 | 10.2\% | - | 0.0\% | 384 |
| State | 206 | 62.6\% | 109 | 33.1\% | 14 | 4.3\% | 329 |
| Transportation | 3,331 | 64.7\% | 1,774 | 34.4\% | 47 | 0.9\% | 5,152 |
| Veterans' Affairs | 697 | 82.8\% | 133 | 15.8\% | 12 | 1.4\% | 842 |
| Total Employees | 63,131 | 79.9\% | 15,314 | 19.4\% | 581 | 0.7\% | 79,026 |

[^9]
## Other Personal Services Employment

The figures in the table below represent a 12-month average of the number of OPS employees for each agency during the fiscal year.

AVERAGE NUMBER OF OPS EMPLOYEES BY AGENCY

| Agency | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY } \\ 17-18 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline F Y \\ 18-19 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY } \\ 19-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} F Y \\ 20-21 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY } \\ 21-22 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2018-2022 } \\ & \text { \% Change } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2021-2022 } \\ & \text { \% Change } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | 114 | 108 | 108 | - | 95 | -16.7\% | - |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 629 | 585 | 507 | 383 | 319 | -49.3\% | -16.7\% |
| Agency for State Technology | 4 | 6 | -1 | - | - | -100.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 481 | 469 | 449 | 395 | 380 | -21.0\% | -3.8\% |
| Business and Professional Regulation | 215 | 213 | 192 | 152 | 152 | -29.3\% | 0.0\% |
| Children and Families | 734 | 686 | 656 | 713 | 574 | -21.8\% | -19.5\% |
| Citrus | 3 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 33.3\% | 100.0\% |
| Commission on Offender Review | 64 | 44 | 59 | 53 | 52 | -18.8\% | -1.9\% |
| Corrections | 650 | 524 | 527 | 451 | 393 | -39.5\% | -12.9\% |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | - | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| Division of Emergency Management | 81 | 90 | 101 | 116 | 125 | 54.3\% | 7.8\% |
| Economic Opportunity | 384 | 298 | 267 | 555 | 528 | 37.5\% | -4.9\% |
| Education | 130 | 130 | 126 | 108 | 102 | -21.5\% | -5.6\% |
| Elder Affairs | 90 | 89 | 71 | 59 | 52 | -42.2\% | -11.9\% |
| Environmental Protection | 763 | 778 | 814 | 785 | 807 | 5.8\% | 2.8\% |
| Financial Services | 117 | 116 | 110 | 96 | 102 | -12.8\% | 6.3\% |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | 961 | 990 | 995 | 940 | 981 | 2.1\% | 4.4\% |
| Health | 2,210 | 2,114 | 2,190 | 4,902 | 4,402 | 99.2\% | -10.2\% |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 311 | 224 | 207 | 184 | 159 | -48.9\% | -13.6\% |
| Juvenile Justice | 113 | 105 | 92 | 82 | 78 | -31.0\% | -4.9\% |
| Law Enforcement | 88 | 81 | 80 | 67 | 58 | -34.1\% | -13.4\% |
| Legal Affairs | 70 | 61 | 44 | 29 | 29 | -58.6\% | 0.0\% |
| Management Services | 49 | 55 | 52 | 53 | 51 | 4.1\% | -3.8\% |
| Military Affairs | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 0.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Office of the Governor | 30 | 23 | 1 | 10 | - | -100.0\% | -100.0\% |
| Public Service Commission | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 1 | -50.0\% | - |
| Revenue | 71 | 74 | 53 | 17 | 10 | -85.9\% | -41.2\% |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind | 236 | 225 | 197 | 190 | 224 | -5.1\% | 17.9\% |
| State | 105 | 100 | 96 | 81 | 86 | -18.1\% | 6.2\% |
| Transportation | 59 | 54 | 49 | 17 | 37 | -37.3\% | 117.7\% |
| Veterans' Affairs | 174 | 172 | 165 | 96 | 95 | -45.4\% | -1.0\% |
| Avg. Number of OPS Employees | 8,912 | 8,426 | 8,237 | 10,540 | 9,903 | 11.1\% | -6.0\% |

[^10]
## Established Positions Included in Collective Bargaining Units

The table below depicts the number of established positions included in a collective bargaining unit as of June 30, 2022, and includes the five year-trend.

| Labor <br> Organization | Collective Bargaining Unit | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2022 } \\ \text { \% Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2021-2022 } \\ \text { \% Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) | Administrative and Clerical | 12,604 | 12,305 | 12,604 | 12,384 | 12,114 | -3.9\% | -2.2\% |
|  | Operational Services | 2,795 | 2,746 | 2,784 | 2,767 | 2,809 | 0.5\% | 1.5\% |
|  | Human Services | 6,777 | 6,639 | 6,121 | 6,013 | 5,552 | -18.1\% | -7.7\% |
|  | Professional | 29,861 | 30,288 | 30,489 | 30,688 | 31,326 | 4.9\% | 2.1\% |
| Federation of Physicians and Dentists (FPD) ${ }^{1}$ | SES Physicians | 157 | 152 | 149 | 147 | 142 | -9.6\% | -3.4\% |
|  | SES Supervisory Non-Professional | 1,208 | 1,222 | 1,152 | 1,131 | 1,100 | -8.9\% | -2.7\% |
|  | SES Attorneys | 811 | 824 | 830 | 831 | 849 | 4.7\% | 2.2\% |
| Florida Nurses Association (FNA) | Professional Health Care | 3,128 | 3,132 | 2,944 | 2,940 | 2,923 | -6.6\% | -0.6\% |
| Florida State Fire Service Association (FSFSA) | Fire Service | 629 | 627 | 626 | 614 | 614 | -2.4\% | 0.0\% |
| Florida State Lodge Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) | Special Agent ${ }^{2}$ | 327 | 324 | 326 | 325 | 323 | -1.2\% | -0.6\% |
| Police Benevolent <br> Association (PBA) | Law Enforcement | 1,620 | 1,272 | 1,284 | 1,271 | 1,274 | -21.4\% | 0.2\% |
|  | Security Services | 19,577 | 19,866 | 20,141 | 20,318 | 19,347 | -1.2\% | -4.8\% |
|  | Highway Patrol | 1,460 | 1,790 | 1,790 | 1,800 | 1,796 | 23.0\% | -0.2\% |
| Total |  | 81,227 | 80,954 | 81,187 | 81,190 | 80,169 | -1.3\% | -1.3\% |

[^11]
## Employee Representation and Dues Paying Membership by Labor

## Organization

The table below reflects employee representation and union membership within the SPS.

| Labor Organization | Collective Bargaining Unit | Established Positions as of 2022 | Employees Represented | Total Dues Paying Employees | Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| American <br> Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees* | Administrative and Clerical | 12,114 | 9,708 | 375 | 3.9\% |
|  | Operational Services | 2,809 | 2,235 | 44 | 2.0\% |
|  | Human Services | 5,552 | 3,665 | 269 | 7.3\% |
|  | Professional | 31,326 | 25,836 | 989 | 3.8\% |
|  | Total | 51,801 | 41,444 | 1,677 | 4.0\% |
| Federation of Physicians and Dentists | SES Physicians | 142 | 85 | 8 | 9.4\% |
|  | SES Supervisory Non-Professional | 1,100 | 934 | 13 | 1.4\% |
|  | SES Attorneys | 849 | 665 | 4 | 0.6\% |
|  | Total | 2,091 | 1,684 | 25 | 1.5\% |
| Florida Nurses Association | Professional Health Care | 2,923 | 2,194 | 103 | 4.7\% |
| Florida State Fire Service Association | Fire Fighters | 614 | 544 | 152 | 27.9\% |
| Florida State Lodge Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) | Special Agent | 323 | 269 | 118 | 43.9\% |
| Police Benevolent Association | Law Enforcement | 1,274 | 1,121 | 495 | 44.2\% |
|  | Security Services | 19,347 | 14,893 | 5,832 | 39.2\% |
|  | Highway Patrol | 1,796 | 1,596 | 1,032 | 64.7\% |
|  | Total | 26,277 | 20,617 | 7,732 | 37.5\% |
| Total |  | 80,169 | 63,745 | 9,434 | 14.8\% |

## Separations: Career Service

The following table depicts trends in the number of Career Service employee separations by separation reason during each fiscal year and includes the five-year trend.

| Separation | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY } \\ 17-18 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY } \\ 18-19 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY } \\ 19-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} F Y \\ 20-21 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY } \\ 21-22 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 2018-2022 } \\ & \text { \% Change } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2021-2022 } \\ & \text { \% Change } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INVOLUNTARY SEPARATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Death of Employee ${ }^{1}$ | 125 | 127 | 127 | 163 | 198 | 58.4\% | 21.5\% |
| Dismissal ${ }^{2}$ | 1,013 | 1,013 | 1,103 | 986 | 872 | -13.9\% | -11.6\% |
| Failed Probationary Period | 567 | 573 | 584 | 483 | 416 | -26.6\% | -13.9\% |
| Layoff | 44 | 57 | 75 | 11 | 100 | 127.3\% | 809.1\% |
| Legislative Directed Transfer | - | 2 | 120 | - | 28 | 100\% | 100\% |
| Total | 2,102 | 1,749 | 1,861 | 1,643 | 1,614 | -23.2\% | -1.8\% |
| VOLUNTARY SEPARATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abandonment | 166 | 154 | 143 | 253 | 190 | 14.5\% | -24.9\% |
| End of Appointment Period | 3 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 1 | -66.7\% | -66.7\% |
| Moved to Non-State of Florida Government | 768 | 938 | 777 | 572 | 703 | -8.5\% | 22.9\% |
| Moved to Private Sector | 1,599 | 1,783 | 1,383 | 1,399 | 1,989 | 23.4\% | 42.2\% |
| Moved within State of Florida Government | 1,162 | 1,249 | 1,196 | 946 | 1,672 | 43.9\% | 76.7\% |
| Retirement | 1,750 | 1,645 | 1,561 | 1,610 | 1,743 | -0.4\% | 8.3\% |
| Other (Reasons Unknown) | 8,179 | 8,925 | 8,843 | 10,843 | 11,382 | 39.2\% | 5.0\% |
| Total | 13,627 | 14,699 | 13,908 | 15,266 | 17,680 | 29.7\% | 15.8\% |
| Total Separations | 15,376 | 16,560 | 15,827 | 16,909 | 19,294 | 25.5\% | 14.1\% |

[^12]
## Involuntary Career Service Separations by Agency

The table below depicts the involuntary separations from the Career Service by agency and reason during FY 2021-2022.

| Agency | Death of Employee ${ }^{1}$ | Dismissal | Failed Probationary Period | Layoff | Legislative Directed Transfer | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | - | 5 |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 3 | 26 | 20 | - | - | 49 |
| Agency for State Technology | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 9 | 14 | 12 | - | - | 35 |
| Business and Professional Regulation | 1 | 12 | 1 | - | - | 14 |
| Children and Families | 29 | 81 | 207 | 1 | - | 318 |
| Citrus | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Commission on Offender Review | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Corrections | 65 | 551 | 10 | 64 | - | 690 |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | - | 3 | 2 | - | - | 5 |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{3}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Economic Opportunity | 3 | 6 | 16 | - | - | 25 |
| Education | 4 | 5 | 1 | - | - | 10 |
| Elder Affairs | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| Environmental Protection | 5 | 15 | 7 | - | - | 27 |
| Financial Services | 3 | 2 | 2 | - | - | 7 |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | 10 |
| Health | 22 | 51 | 13 | 20 | - | 106 |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 10 | 19 | 17 | 15 | - | 61 |
| Juvenile Justice | 4 | 18 | 62 | - | - | 84 |
| Law Enforcement | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 2 |
| Legal Affairs | - | 4 | - | - | 28 | 32 |
| Management Services | 1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | 6 |
| Military Affairs | 3 | 9 | 2 | - | - | 14 |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{3}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public Service Commission | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Revenue | 15 | 16 | 8 | - | - | 39 |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | - | 5 |
| State | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 2 |
| Transportation | 12 | 13 | 8 | - | - | 33 |
| Veterans' Affairs | 3 | 13 | 17 | - | - | 33 |
| Involuntary Separations | 198 | 872 | 416 | 100 | 28 | 1,614 |
| Percent of Total | 12.3\% | 54.0\% | 25.8\% | 6.2\% | 1.7\% | 100.0\% |

[^13]
## Voluntary Career Service Separations by Agency

The table below depicts the voluntary separations from the Career Service by agency and reason during FY 2021-2022.

| Agency |  |  |  |  |  | 芯 |  | $\stackrel{\overline{ \pm}}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | - | - | - | 31 | 52 | 50 | 143 | 276 |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 39 | - | 13 | 39 | 62 | 57 | 316 | 526 |
| Agency for State Technology | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 3 | - | 63 | 78 | 67 | 73 | 198 | 482 |
| Business and Professional Regulation | - | - | - | 1 | 60 | 21 | 163 | 245 |
| Children and Families | 102 | 1 | 63 | 439 | 251 | 210 | 2,136 | 3,202 |
| Citrus | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 2 |
| Commission on Offender Review | - | - | 2 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 27 |
| Corrections | 14 | - | 176 | 125 | 156 | 364 | 4,215 | 5,050 |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | - | - | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 21 |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{1}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Economic Opportunity | - | - | 4 | 11 | 70 | 13 | 178 | 276 |
| Education | - | - | 18 | 24 | 49 | 27 | 151 | 269 |
| Elder Affairs | - | - | - | 2 | 7 | 6 | 58 | 73 |
| Environmental Protection | - | - | - | 136 | 82 | 80 | 226 | 524 |
| Financial Services | - | - | 23 | 203 | 49 | 52 | 11 | 338 |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | - | - | 16 | 21 | 23 | 34 | 127 | 221 |
| Health | 12 | - | 69 | 312 | 292 | 263 | 1,431 | 2,379 |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 1 | - | 58 | - | 79 | 83 | 399 | 620 |
| Juvenile Justice | 9 | - | 44 | 137 | 74 | 40 | 568 | 872 |
| Law Enforcement | - | - | 31 | 28 | 36 | 33 | 68 | 196 |
| Legal Affairs | - | - | 8 | 14 | 27 | 16 | 63 | 128 |
| Management Services | 1 | - | 8 | 28 | 46 | 16 | 58 | 157 |
| Military Affairs | - | - | - | - | 2 | 6 | 56 | 64 |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{1}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public Service Commission | 1 | - | 2 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 24 |
| Revenue | 7 | - | 26 | 165 | 112 | 118 | 330 | 758 |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind | - | - | - | - | 2 | 12 | 48 | 62 |
| State | 1 | - | 6 | 12 | 21 | 9 | 18 | 67 |
| Transportation | - | - | 65 | 124 | 23 | 136 | 174 | 522 |
| Veterans' Affairs | - | - | 3 | 42 | 17 | 16 | 221 | 299 |
| Voluntary Separations | 190 | 1 | 703 | 1,989 | 1,672 | 1,743 | 11,382 | 17,680 |
| Percent of Total | 1.1\% | 0.0\% | 4.0\% | 11.3\% | 9.5\% | 9.9\% | 64.4\% | 100.0\% |

[^14]
## Veterans' Recruitment Plan

The State of Florida, in accordance with Chapter 295, F.S., provides preference in the hiring and selection process to all eligible veterans claiming preference, which applies only to Career Service positions. Section 295.07(6)(a), F.S., requires each state agency to develop and implement a written veterans' recruitment plan that establishes annual goals for ensuring the full use of veterans in the agency's workforce. In accordance with section 295.07(6)(b), F.S., DMS collects and reports the number of persons who claim veterans' preference, the number of persons who are hired through veterans' preference, and the number of persons who are hired as a result of the veterans' recruitment plan.

| Agency | Number of Persons Claiming Veterans' Preference ${ }^{1}$ | Number of Persons Hired and Claiming Veterans' Preference ${ }^{1}$ | Number of Persons Hired as a Result of the Agency Veterans' Recruitment Plan ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | 360 | 6 | 6 |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 582 | 23 | 23 |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 938 | 13 | 13 |
| Business and Professional Regulation | 583 | 9 | 9 |
| Children and Families | 2,251 | 145 | 145 |
| Citrus | 3 | - | - |
| Commission on Offender Review | 63 | - | - |
| Corrections | 3,229 | 393 | 393 |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | 19 | 3 | 3 |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{3}$ | - | - | - |
| Economic Opportunity | 1,006 | 56 | 56 |
| Education | 768 | 10 | 10 |
| Elder Affairs | 134 | - | - |
| Environmental Protection | 1,453 | 82 | 82 |
| Financial Services | 364 | 23 | 5 |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | 851 | 19 | 19 |
| Health | 2,165 | 69 | 69 |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 1,979 | 61 | 16 |
| Juvenile Justice | 1,404 | 78 | 14 |
| Law Enforcement | 529 | 9 | 9 |
| Legal Affairs | 234 | 14 | 14 |
| Management Services | 231 | 23 | 23 |
| Military Affairs ${ }^{3}$ | 277 | 21 | 22 |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{3}$ | - | - | - |
| Public Service Commission | 37 | - | - |
| Revenue | 607 | 43 | 43 |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind ${ }^{3}$ | 87 | 1 | 1 |
| State | 72 | 3 | 3 |
| Transportation | 336 | 94 | 94 |
| Veterans' Affairs | 697 | 54 | 54 |
| Total | 21,259 | 1,252 | 1,126 |

[^15]
## Equal Employment Opportunity Overview

As reflected in the table below, minority representation exceeded the Available Labor Market (ALM) ${ }^{1}$ representation in the professionals, technicians, paraprofessionals, and administrative support job categories for FY 2021-2022. The SPS minority representation was below the ALM for the officials and administrators, protective service workers, and skilled craft workers job categories by 1.3, 1.7, and 1.5 percentage points, respectively.

EMPLOYEES BY RACE AND JOB CATEGORY

| Job Category | Total <br> Employees | White | Black or <br> African <br> American | Hispanic or <br> Latino | Other ${ }^{2}$ | \% Minority <br> by Job <br> Category | Minority in <br> ALM |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Officials and <br> Administrators | 2,653 | 2,046 | 336 | 178 | 93 | $22.9 \%$ | $24.2 \%$ |
| Professionals | 46,702 | 25,257 | 12,688 | 6,268 | 2,489 | $45.9 \%$ | $20.1 \%$ |
| Technicians | 3,078 | 1,825 | 600 | 364 | 289 | $40.7 \%$ | $35.2 \%$ |
| Protective Service <br> Workers | 16,702 | 9,939 | 4,350 | 1,936 | 477 | $40.5 \%$ | $42.2 \%$ |
| Paraprofessionals | 4,418 | 1,293 | 2,286 | 677 | 162 | $70.7 \%$ | $53.3 \%$ |
| Administrative Support | 3,005 | 1,421 | 890 | 583 | 111 | $52.7 \%$ | $31.1 \%$ |
| Skilled Craft Workers | 1,131 | 848 | 143 | 109 | 31 | $25.0 \%$ | $26.5 \%$ |
| Service Maintenance | 1,337 | 768 | 421 | 93 | 55 | $42.6 \%$ | $41.3 \%$ |
| Total Employees | $\mathbf{7 9 , 0 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 3 , 3 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 , 7 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 2 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 7 0 7}$ | - | - |
| Percent of Total <br> Employees | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 4 . 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 . 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 7 \%}$ | - | - |

[^16]
## Status of Affirmative Action Plans

As part of the reporting requirements specified in section 110.112(2)(e), F.S., the table below provides a snapshot of those agencies that have and have not developed and implemented affirmative action plans.

| Agency | Yes | No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency for Health Care Administration |  | x |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | x |  |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | x |  |
| Business and Professional Regulation | x |  |
| Children and Families |  | $x$ |
| Citrus |  | x |
| Commission on Offender Review | x |  |
| Corrections ${ }^{1}$ |  | x |
| Division of Administrative Hearings ${ }^{1}$ |  | x |
| Division of Emergency Management | - | - |
| Economic Opportunity | x |  |
| Education | x |  |
| Elder Affairs |  | x |
| Environmental Protection | x |  |
| Financial Services | x |  |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission ${ }^{1}$ |  | x |
| Health | x |  |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | x |  |
| Juvenile Justice | x |  |
| Law Enforcement | x |  |
| Legal Affairs | x |  |
| Management Services | x |  |
| Military Affairs |  | x |
| Office of the Governor | x |  |
| Public Service Commission ${ }^{2}$ | - | - |
| Revenue | x |  |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind |  | x |
| State | x |  |
| Transportation | x |  |
| Veterans' Affairs | x |  |

[^17]
## Employees by Job Category

Employee count is the total number of actual employees within an agency, excluding OPS employees. The table below represents a snapshot of the employees by job category within each agency as of June 30, 2022.

| Agency |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | 3.0\% | 84.6\% | 5.2\% | 0.1\% | 2.0\% | 5.0\% | - | - | 1,220 |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 1.9\% | 58.4\% | 2.2\% | 4.5\% | 19.4\% | 3.3\% | 5.4\% | 4.9\% | 1,928 |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 3.3\% | 60.8\% | 7.7\% | 21.0\% | 0.1\% | 2.5\% | 2.5\% | 2.1\% | 3,240 |
| Business and Professional Regulation | 5.2\% | 86.3\% | 2.1\% | 3.6\% | 2.2\% | 0.5\% | - | - | 1,398 |
| Children and Families | 1.8\% | 74.7\% | 2.6\% | 1.9\% | 14.6\% | 2.7\% | 0.4\% | 1.4\% | 10,231 |
| Citrus | 36.4\% | 50.0\% | 13.6\% | - | - | - | - | - | 22 |
| Commission on Offender Review | 14.1\% | 75.0\% | - | - | - | 10.9\% | - | - | 128 |
| Corrections | 1.6\% | 24.5\% | 1.5\% | 67.4\% | 0.3\% | 3.0\% | 1.3\% | 0.4\% | 18,911 |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | 1.8\% | 89.8\% | 2.4\% | - | - | 6.0\% | - | - | 166 |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{1}$ | 27.8\% | 68.5\% | 3.7\% | - | - | - | - | - | 54 |
| Economic Opportunity | 3.1\% | 93.3\% | 3.2\% | - | - | - | 0.4\% | - | 1,278 |
| Education | 12.2\% | 67.1\% | 5.8\% | - | 9.3\% | 5.3\% | - | 0.3\% | 1,846 |
| Elder Affairs | 5.3\% | 84.4\% | 3.1\% | - | - | 7.2\% | - | - | 321 |
| Environmental Protection | 6.4\% | 75.8\% | 2.7\% | 0.5\% | 0.1\% | 1.0\% | 0.9\% | 12.6\% | 2,754 |
| Financial Services | 6.7\% | 78.4\% | 3.3\% | 8.4\% | 0.0\% | 3.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 2,075 |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | 4.1\% | 54.9\% | 4.0\% | 33.5\% | 0.1\% | 2.0\% | 1.3\% | 0.0\% | 2,019 |
| Health | 2.5\% | 74.4\% | 6.2\% | - | 8.2\% | 7.7\% | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 10,249 |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 3.0\% | 37.8\% | 4.3\% | 43.5\% | 3.4\% | 7.4\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 3,681 |
| Juvenile Justice | 3.5\% | 58.6\% | 1.4\% | - | 29.4\% | 3.8\% | 0.8\% | 2.4\% | 2,439 |
| Law Enforcement | 6.0\% | 63.2\% | 6.0\% | 24.5\% | - | 0.4\% | - | - | 1,631 |
| Legal Affairs | 11.5\% | 67.5\% | 1.4\% | 4.3\% | 1.7\% | 13.5\% | 0.1\% | - | 986 |
| Management Services | 8.3\% | 66.5\% | 9.4\% | - | 0.4\% | 2.4\% | 7.9\% | 5.2\% | 928 |
| Military Affairs ${ }^{1}$ | 3.4\% | 39.8\% | 7.4\% | 6.1\% | 1.6\% | 16.1\% | 16.4\% | 9.2\% | 379 |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{1}$ | 71.9\% | 27.1\% | - | - | - | - | - | 1.0\% | 96 |
| Public Service Commission | 13.9\% | 78.7\% | 3.0\% | - | - | 4.3\% | - | - | 230 |
| Revenue | 2.1\% | 90.6\% | 3.5\% | - | 1.8\% | 2.0\% | - | - | 4,109 |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind ${ }^{1}$ | - | 26.8\% | 4.7\% | 3.6\% | 42.4\% | 2.1\% | 5.5\% | 14.8\% | 384 |
| State | 11.2\% | 76.9\% | 8.2\% | - | 0.6\% | 1.8\% | 1.2\% | - | 329 |
| Transportation | 3.6\% | 73.4\% | 7.9\% | - | 0.8\% | 2.8\% | 6.6\% | 4.9\% | 5,152 |
| Veterans' Affairs | 3.6\% | 35.7\% | 12.7\% | - | 31.5\% | 4.4\% | 1.9\% | 10.2\% | 842 |
| Total Employees | 2,653 | 46,702 | 3,078 | 16,702 | 4,418 | 3,005 | 1,131 | 1,337 | 79,026 |
| Percent of Total Employees | 3.4\% | 59.1\% | 3.9\% | 21.1\% | 5.6\% | 3.8\% | 1.4\% | 1.7\% | 100\% |

[^18]
## Minority Representation by Pay Plan

The table below represents a trend in Minority Representation for FY 2017-2018 through FY 2021-2022.

FIVE-YEAR TREND: MINORITY REPRESENTATION

| Pay Plan | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Minor. | Total | Minor. | Total | Minor. | Total | Minor. | Total | Minor. | Total |
| Career Service | 33,088 | 72,850 | 33,083 | 71,432 | 33,197 | 70,691 | 33,109 | 66,374 | 29,828 | 63,131 |
| Percent of Total | 45.4\% |  | 46.3\% |  | 47.0\% |  | 46.9\% |  | 47.2\% |  |
| Selected Exempt Service | 5,398 | 15,811 | 5,550 | 15,661 | 5,686 | 15,680 | 5,737 | 15,538 | 5,712 | 15,314 |
| Percent of Total | 34.1\% |  | 35.4\% |  | 36.3\% |  | 36.9\% |  | 37.3\% |  |
| Senior <br> Management <br> Service | 76 | 575 | 75 | 554 | 85 | 550 | 87 | 566 | 89 | 581 |
| Percent of Total | 13.2\% |  | 13.5\% |  | 15.5\% |  | 15.4\% |  | 15.3\% |  |
| State Personnel System | 38,562 | 89,236 | 38,708 | 87,647 | 38,968 | 86,921 | 36,933 | 82,478 | 35,629 | 79,026 |
| Percent of Total | 43.2\% |  | 44.2\% |  | 44.8\% |  | 44.8\% |  | 45.1\% |  |

## Gender Representation by Pay Plan

The table below represents a trend in Gender Representation for FY 2017-2018 through FY 2021-2022.

FIVE-YEAR TREND: GENDER REPRESENTATION

| Pay Plan | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fem. | Total | Fem. | Total | Fem. | Total | Fem. | Total | Fem. | Total |
| Career Service | 41,557 | 72,850 | 40,954 | 71,432 | 40,770 | 70,691 | 38,205 | 66,374 | 36,379 | 63,131 |
| Percent of Total | 57.0\% |  | 57.3\% |  | 57.7\% |  | 57.6\% |  | 57.6\% |  |
| Selected Exempt Service | 9,404 | 15,811 | 9,348 | 15,611 | 9,393 | 15,680 | 9,386 | 15,538 | 9,261 | 15,314 |
| Percent of Total | 59.5\% |  | 59.7\% |  | 60.0\% |  | 60.4\% |  | 60.5\% |  |
| Senior Management Service | 249 | 554 | 235 | 554 | 232 | 550 | 246 | 566 | 249 | 581 |
| Percent of Total | 43.3\% |  | 42.4\% |  | 42.2\% |  | 43.5\% |  | 42.9\% |  |
| State Personnel System | 51,210 | 89,236 | 50,537 | 87,647 | 50,395 | 86,921 | 47,837 | 82,478 | 45,889 | 79,026 |
| Percent of Total | 57.4\% |  | 57.7\% |  | 58.0\% |  | 58.0\% |  | 58.1\% |  |

## Race and Gender Demographics: By Agency

As part of the reporting requirements specified in section 110.112(2)(e), F.S., the table below provides a snapshot of employees' race and gender.

| Agency | White |  | Black or African American |  | Hispanic or Latino |  | Other ${ }^{1}$ |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |  |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | 18.3\% | 35.1\% | 4.6\% | 24.6\% | 3.2\% | 9.0\% | 1.6\% | 3.6\% | 1,220 |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 14.8\% | 25.6\% | 15.9\% | 33.8\% | 1.2\% | 3.8\% | 1.0\% | 3.8\% | 1,928 |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 48.4\% | 25.2\% | 4.1\% | 7.8\% | 4.4\% | 4.2\% | 3.2\% | 2.7\% | 3,240 |
| Business and Professional Regulation | 23.5\% | 24.2\% | 8.9\% | 22.3\% | 6.7\% | 8.9\% | 2.8\% | 2.6\% | 1,398 |
| Children and Families | 9.8\% | 28.5\% | 7.9\% | 33.3\% | 3.2\% | 12.9\% | 1.3\% | 3.0\% | 10,231 |
| Citrus | 22.7\% | 68.2\% | - | - | - | 4.5\% | 4.5\% | - | 22 |
| Commission on Offender Review | 26.6\% | 35.9\% | 3.9\% | 21.1\% | 2.3\% | 9.4\% | - | 0.8\% | 128 |
| Corrections | 36.9\% | 21.2\% | 11.5\% | 18.0\% | 5.8\% | 3.8\% | 1.5\% | 1.4\% | 18,911 |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | 21.1\% | 38.0\% | 1.8\% | 19.9\% | 1.8\% | 11.4\% | 1.2\% | 4.8\% | 166 |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{2}$ | 40.7\% | 29.6\% | 3.7\% | 11.1\% | 5.6\% | 3.7\% | - | 5.6\% | 54 |
| Economic Opportunity | 18.0\% | 21.9\% | 10.4\% | 27.1\% | 6.5\% | 10.6\% | 1.9\% | 3.7\% | 1,278 |
| Education | 16.9\% | 36.1\% | 5.7\% | 22.5\% | 2.8\% | 11.4\% | 1.4\% | 3.2\% | 1,846 |
| Elder Affairs | 8.4\% | 43.0\% | 1.9\% | 19.9\% | 4.4\% | 17.8\% | 0.9\% | 3.7\% | 321 |
| Environmental Protection | 39.8\% | 39.7\% | 3.3\% | 5.3\% | 3.3\% | 2.9\% | 3.0\% | 2.6\% | 2,754 |
| Financial Services | 29.3\% | 30.1\% | 7.1\% | 16.1\% | 5.5\% | 6.5\% | 1.9\% | 3.4\% | 2,075 |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | 57.3\% | 28.3\% | 1.7\% | 2.3\% | 5.1\% | 2.2\% | 2.2\% | 1.0\% | 2,019 |
| Health | 11.8\% | 35.8\% | 4.0\% | 20.8\% | 4.1\% | 17.3\% | 1.6\% | 4.6\% | 10,249 |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 34.0\% | 15.9\% | 10.2\% | 14.3\% | 13.8\% | 7.3\% | 2.4\% | 2.0\% | 3,681 |
| Juvenile Justice | 12.0\% | 19.6\% | 19.9\% | 35.7\% | 3.4\% | 5.4\% | 1.3\% | 2.8\% | 2,439 |
| Law Enforcement | 37.4\% | 38.9\% | 3.7\% | 6.6\% | 4.7\% | 5.1\% | 1.8\% | 1.8\% | 1,631 |
| Legal Affairs | 28.3\% | 39.2\% | 2.2\% | 13.0\% | 4.6\% | 7.8\% | 1.9\% | 2.9\% | 986 |
| Management Services | 33.9\% | 27.3\% | 11.3\% | 15.2\% | 3.7\% | 4.0\% | 2.2\% | 2.5\% | 928 |
| Military Affairs ${ }^{2}$ | 47.0\% | 30.1\% | 7.4\% | 2.9\% | 4.0\% | 2.9\% | 3.2\% | 2.6\% | 379 |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{2}$ | 37.5\% | 51.0\% | - | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 7.3\% | 2.1\% | - | 96 |
| Public Service Commission | 32.2\% | 27.8\% | 7.4\% | 9.6\% | 8.3\% | 7.0\% | 2.2\% | 5.7\% | 230 |
| Revenue | 17.9\% | 35.6\% | 5.8\% | 24.6\% | 2.8\% | 6.6\% | 2.1\% | 4.5\% | 4,109 |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind ${ }^{2}$ | 25.5\% | 42.2\% | 3.4\% | 15.9\% | 1.8\% | 6.3\% | 1.3\% | 3.6\% | 384 |
| State | 30.1\% | 41.0\% | 5.2\% | 15.2\% | 2.1\% | 1.8\% | 1.2\% | 3.3\% | 329 |
| Transportation | 40.5\% | 25.0\% | 7.9\% | 6.0\% | 7.9\% | 6.3\% | 4.0\% | 2.5\% | 5,152 |
| Veterans' Affairs | 16.5\% | 34.0\% | 5.6\% | 28.4\% | 2.4\% | 5.8\% | 1.9\% | 5.5\% | 842 |
| Total Employees | 21,320 | 22,077 | 6,363 | 15,351 | 3,949 | 6,259 | 1,505 | 2,202 | 79,026 |
| Percent of Total Employees | 27.0\% | 27.9\% | 8.1\% | 19.4\% | 5.0\% | 7.9\% | 1.9\% | 2.8\% | 100\% |

[^19]
## Employees Who Have a Disability by Job Category

Employee count is the total number of actual employees within an agency, excluding OPS employees, that selfidentified as having a disability. The table below represents a snapshot of the number of employees by job category within each agency as of June 30, 2022.

| Agency |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{n}{10} \\ & \frac{0}{\square} \\ & \frac{0}{4} \\ & \frac{0}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | 1 | 57 | 6 | - | 2 | 5 | - | - | 71 |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 1 | 53 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 80 |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 3 | 83 | 14 | 36 | 1 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 156 |
| Business and Professional Regulation | 1 | 58 | 1 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | 66 |
| Children and Families | 5 | 401 | 19 | 4 | 63 | 10 | - | 2 | 504 |
| Citrus | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Commission on Offender Review | - | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 |
| Corrections | 8 | 175 | 20 | 308 | 5 | 28 | 11 | 5 | 560 |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | - | 5 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 6 |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{1}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Economic Opportunity | 1 | 145 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 149 |
| Education | 11 | 155 | 12 | - | 39 | 19 | - | - | 236 |
| Elder Affairs | 1 | 10 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 12 |
| Environmental Protection | 3 | 111 | 4 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 26 | 148 |
| Financial Services | 3 | 66 | 4 | 5 | - | 2 | - | - | 80 |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | 4 | 41 | 1 | 37 | 1 | 6 | 1 | - | 91 |
| Health | 7 | 394 | 36 | - | 35 | 57 | 8 | 2 | 539 |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 4 | 101 | 11 | 54 | 4 | 22 | 1 | 1 | 198 |
| Juvenile Justice | - | 79 | 1 | - | 31 | 8 | - | 6 | 125 |
| Law Enforcement | 2 | 26 | 11 | 9 | - | - | - | - | 48 |
| Legal Affairs | 2 | 23 | - | - | 2 | 11 | - | - | 38 |
| Management Services | 3 | 34 | 8 | - | 2 | - | 3 | 4 | 54 |
| Military Affairs ${ }^{1}$ | 1 | 21 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 46 |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{1}$ | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Public Service Commission | - | 7 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 9 |
| Revenue | 3 | 305 | 13 | - | 12 | 12 | - | - | 345 |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind ${ }^{1}$ | - | 7 | 1 | 1 | 33 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 54 |
| State | 1 | 18 | 4 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 24 |
| Transportation | 4 | 154 | 37 | - | - | 10 | 19 | 16 | 240 |
| Veterans' Affairs | 6 | 74 | 4 | - | 9 | 8 | 1 | 6 | 108 |
| Total Employees | 80 | 2,611 | 216 | 460 | 248 | 227 | 68 | 90 | 4,000 |
| Percent of Total Employees | 2.0\% | 65.3\% | 5.4\% | 11.5\% | 6.2\% | 5.7\% | 1.7\% | 2.3\% | 100.0\% |

[^20]
## Employees Who Have a Disability by Pay Plan

Employee count is the total number of actual employees within the SPS, excluding OPS employees, that selfidentified as having a disability. The table below represents a snapshot of the number of employees by pay plan as of June 30, 2022.

| Pay Plan | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With | Total | With | Total | With | Total | With | Total | With | Total |
| Career Service | 420 | 72,850 | 1,747 | 71,432 | 2,100 | 70,691 | 2,226 | 66,374 | 3,373 | 63,131 |
| Percent of Total | 0.6\% |  | 2.4\% |  | 3.0\% |  | 3.4\% |  | 5.3\% |  |
| Selected Exempt Service | 76 | 15,811 | 349 | 15,661 | 402 | 15,680 | 409 | 15,538 | 612 | 15,314 |
| Percent of Total | 0.5\% |  | 2.2\% |  | 2.6\% |  | 2.6\% |  | 4.0\% |  |
| Senior Management Service | 2 | 575 | 11 | 554 | 9 | 550 | 9 | 566 | 15 | 581 |
| Percent of Total | 0.3\% |  | 2.0\% |  | 1.6\% |  | 1.6\% |  | 2.6\% |  |
| State Personnel System | 498 | 89,236 | 2,107 | 87,647 | 2,511 | 86,921 | 2,644 | 82,478 | 4,000 | 79,026 |
| Percent of Total | 0.6\% |  | 2.4\% |  | 2.9\% |  | 3.2\% |  | 5.1\% |  |



## Classification and Pay Plans

The Career Service, Selected Exempt Service, and Senior Management Service operate under a broadband classification and compensation system. Under the broadband classification system, positions are organized by broad job categories called job families. Positions are further divided into occupational groups and then into occupations with up to six levels of work within each occupation. The accompanying pay plan provides for 25 pay bands for all occupational groups.

Sections 110.406(1) and 110.606(1), F.S., require DMS to compile data regarding the administration of the Senior Management and Selected Exempt Services. DMS provides the information below and other information throughout this report to comply with these requirements.

The SPS utilized 23 job families, 38 occupational groups, and 235 occupations.

- Career Service: 188 occupations and 17 pay bands
- Selected Exempt Service: 150 occupations and 22 pay bands
- Senior Management Service: 25 occupations and 4 pay bands

NUMBER OF ESTABLISHED POSITIONS AND EMPLOYEES BY PAY BAND

| Pay Band | Annual Minimum Salary | Annual Maximum Salary | Number of Established Positions | Number of Employees |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 001 | \$27,040.00 | \$53,804.53 | 1,730 | 1,411 |
| 002 | \$27,040.00 | \$58,646.63 | 3,571 | 2,784 |
| 003 | \$27,040.00 | \$63,925.75 | 6,243 | 4,877 |
| 004 | \$27,040.00 | \$73,856.88 | 4,365 | 3,074 |
| 005 | \$27,040.00 | \$80,504.96 | 10,533 | 8,941 |
| 006 | \$27,040.00 | \$82,784.80 | 6,382 | 5,384 |
| 007 | \$27,040.00 | \$95,648.04 | 23,335 | 17,012 |
| 008 | \$30,622.02 | \$109,471.19 | 12,329 | 10,717 |
| 009 | \$27,040.00 | \$119,320.85 | 8,235 | 7,420 |
| 010 | \$36,381.54 | \$130,061.27 | 8,742 | 7,306 |
| 011 | \$39,655.98 | \$127,372.70 | 878 | 769 |
| 012 | \$43,225.52 | \$154,528.09 | 1,137 | 974 |
| 013 | \$47,115.38 | \$168,433.31 | 216 | 178 |
| 014 | \$51,355.46 | \$164,951.32 | 1,057 | 904 |
| 016 | \$61,015.50 | \$195,979.87 | 259 | 207 |
| 018 | \$72,493.46 | \$232,846.39 | 232 | 161 |
| 019 | \$27,040.00 | \$108,726.39 | 570 | 522 |
| 020 | \$27,040.00 | \$144,065.28 | 4,732 | 4,307 |
| 021 | \$33,057.44 | \$189,084.03 | 1,395 | 1,277 |
| 022 | \$41,320.76 | \$222,972.28 | 230 | 201 |
| 023 | \$47,316.36 | \$255,325.11 | 472 | 418 |
| 024 | \$56,779.84 | \$291,800.22 | 196 | 161 |
| 025 | \$68,135.86 | \$350,160.52 | 24 | 21 |
| Total Positions and Employees |  |  | 96,863 | 79,026 |

## Average Salary by Agency and Pay Plan

The following table depicts the average salary by agency and pay plan as well as the overall average salary for each agency.

| Agency | Career Service | Selected Exempt <br> Service | Senior Management Service | Overall Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | \$43,572.83 | \$62,317.01 | \$135,135.29 | \$49,467.24 |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | \$36,473.19 | \$49,587.12 | \$111,777.58 | \$40,206.97 |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | \$37,300.71 | \$55,366.49 | \$115,588.24 | \$41,949.13 |
| Business and Professional Regulation | \$37,828.81 | \$56,164.29 | \$114,150.11 | \$43,640.13 |
| Children and Families | \$36,889.63 | \$56,479.35 | \$122,528.63 | \$41,320.28 |
| Citrus | \$47,311.97 | \$73,082.18 | \$139,049.94 | \$70,879.64 |
| Commission on Offender Review | \$36,324.77 | \$54,051.65 | \$82,412.52 | \$42,196.74 |
| Corrections | \$40,923.07 | \$61,544.09 | \$124,539.09 | \$42,290.69 |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | \$66,274.07 | \$55,917.10 | \$131,372.46 | \$61,817.52 |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{1}$ | - | \$66,686.00 | \$123,757.50 | \$70,913.52 |
| Economic Opportunity | \$40,240.23 | \$62,586.38 | \$122,811.03 | \$47,082.92 |
| Education | \$39,451.19 | \$60,391.76 | \$139,279.88 | \$48,399.75 |
| Elder Affairs | \$39,940.90 | \$55,728.56 | \$112,645.88 | \$46,168.97 |
| Environmental Protection | \$40,560.27 | \$62,390.19 | \$120,955.93 | \$46,176.64 |
| Financial Services | \$45,054.02 | \$70,384.61 | \$120,693.87 | \$53,722.26 |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | \$47,023.83 | \$62,295.30 | \$106,831.21 | \$50,261.10 |
| Health | \$40,298.16 | \$60,920.36 | \$125,086.67 | \$45,094.57 |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | \$45,238.33 | \$67,904.59 | \$124,376.65 | \$48,629.64 |
| Juvenile Justice | \$35,250.01 | \$46,010.14 | \$100,719.05 | \$38,453.58 |
| Law Enforcement | \$51,533.47 | \$69,468.68 | \$118,281.26 | \$54,593.43 |
| Legal Affairs | \$39,962.03 | \$69,847.45 | \$120,935.09 | \$83,552.67 |
| Management Services | \$44,423.09 | \$67,952.07 | \$123,390.73 | \$54,110.24 |
| Military Affairs ${ }^{1}$ | \$35,670.34 | \$45,707.69 | \$84,261.90 | \$38,513.76 |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{1}$ | - | \$80,462.07 | \$124,366.68 | \$96,926.30 |
| Public Service Commission | \$41,762.04 | \$64,276.25 | \$121,126.11 | \$55,640.16 |
| Revenue | \$38,456.61 | \$59,059.28 | \$120,636.11 | \$42,402.03 |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind ${ }^{1}$ | \$32,680.97 | \$43,307.79 | - | \$33,760.25 |
| State | \$36,338.87 | \$57,486.35 | \$108,585.04 | \$46,419.48 |
| Transportation | \$49,631.88 | \$75,241.74 | \$147,411.60 | \$59,342.20 |
| Veterans' Affairs | \$35,595.38 | \$50,452.29 | \$102,855.18 | \$38,900.71 |

[^21]
## Pay Additives: Career Service

Section 110.2035(7)(e), F.S., requires DMS to annually provide a summary report of implemented pay additives. Pay additives are added to and removed from a Career Service employee's base rate of pay depending upon the need or circumstances for which the additive is given. Therefore, it is not possible to provide an accurate cumulative listing of the additives awarded during the year. Listed below is the number of pay additives, by type, provided to Career Service employees as of June 30, 2022.

| Agency |  |  |  |  |  | Hazardous Duties | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Temporary Special } \\ & \text { Duties- General } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{N}} \\ & \hline \mathbf{c} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{\Gamma}{\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency for Health Care Administration | 103 | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | 2 | 5 | - | 115 |
| Agency for Persons with Disabilities | 30 | 10 | 278 | - | 4 | 1 | - | 97 | 44 | - | 464 |
| Agriculture and Consumer Services | 118 | 32 | - | - | 151 | 8 | 8 | - | 603 | - | 920 |
| Business and Professional Regulation | 116 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7 | - | 125 |
| Children and Families | 1,113 | 44 | 600 | - | 22 | - | 314 | 22 | 1,323 | - | 3,438 |
| Citrus | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Commission on Offender Review | 23 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 23 |
| Corrections | 2,621 | 27 | 3 | 750 | - | 830 | 84 | 66 | 742 | - | 5,123 |
| Division of Administrative Hearings | 11 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 11 | - | 22 |
| Division of Emergency Management ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Economic Opportunity | 14 | 54 | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | 28 | - | 101 |
| Education | 33 | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | 38 |
| Elder Affairs | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 |
| Environmental Protection | 186 | 3 | - | - | 2 | 21 | - | - | 58 | 1 | 271 |
| Financial Services | 240 | 56 | 4 | - | - | 17 | 11 | 2 | 120 | - | 450 |
| Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission | 215 | 3 | 17 | 174 | 149 | 50 | 9 | 7 | 120 | 184 | 928 |
| Health | 1,179 | 118 | - | - | - | - | 76 | 85 | 313 | - | 1,771 |
| Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles | 810 | 13 | 84 | - | 332 | - | 870 | 1 | 466 | 805 | 3,381 |
| Juvenile Justice | 256 | - | - | - | 19 | - | 27 | 5 | 18 | - | 325 |
| Law Enforcement | 76 | 37 | 38 | 4 | 97 | 35 | 37 | 8 | 431 | - | 763 |
| Legal Affairs | 109 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 109 |
| Management Services | 15 | 4 | 7 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 82 | - | 109 |
| Military Affairs ${ }^{2}$ | 1 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | 8 |
| Office of the Governor ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public Service Commission | 14 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 14 |
| Revenue | 663 | 1 | 6 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 672 |
| School for the Deaf and the Blind ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | 146 | - | - | - | 2 | 3 | 14 | - | 165 |
| State | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | 8 |
| Transportation | 964 | - | 82 | - | - | - | 13 | 4 | 203 | - | 1,266 |
| Veterans' Affairs | 146 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16 | - | 162 |
| Total Pay Additives | 9,076 | 406 | 1,268 | 928 | 776 | 962 | 1,469 | 302 | 4,614 | 990 | 20,791 |

[^22]
## Average Benefits Cost by Pay Plan

AVERAGE BENEFITS COST BY PAY PLAN

| Benefits | Career Service |  | Selected Exempt <br> Service |  | Senior Management <br> Service |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Paid Leave and Holidays | $\$ 6,670$ | $8.9 \%$ | $\$ 10,666$ | $10.1 \%$ | $\$ 21,176$ | $10.1 \%$ |
| Social Security, Medicare, and <br> Retirement |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health, Life, and Disability Insurance | $\$ 7,536$ | $10.1 \%$ | $\$ 11,382$ | $10.8 \%$ | $\$ 44,855$ | $21.4 \%$ |
| Average Benefits Value | $\$ 19,856$ | $26.5 \%$ | $\$ 21,681$ | $20.6 \%$ | $\$ 21,705$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Average Salary $\mathbf{2}^{2}$ | $\$ 34,062$ | $\mathbf{4 5 . 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 3 , 7 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 . 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 7 , 7 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 . 8 \%}$ |
| Total Compensation | $\$ 40,803$ | $\mathbf{5 4 . 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 1 , 6 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{5 8 . 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 2 2 , 3 5 3}$ | $\mathbf{5 8 . 2 \%}$ |

FIVE-YEAR TREND: AVERAGE SALARIES BY PAY PLAN

| Pay Plan | As of June 30 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2018/2022 } \\ & \text { \% Change } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | $2022^{2}$ |  |
| Career Service | \$37,163 | \$37,463 | \$37,668 | \$39,500 | \$40,803 | 9.8\% |
| Selected Exempt Service | \$57,972 | \$58,254 | \$58,793 | \$60,675 | \$61,623 | 6.3\% |
| Senior Management Service | \$114,265 | \$115,542 | \$116,274 | \$119,819 | \$122,353 | 7.1\% |
| State Personnel System | \$41,348 | \$41,670 | \$41,976 | \$44,039 | \$45,436 | 9.9\% |
| Florida Annual Average Wage - Total All Industries ${ }^{3}$ | \$50,090 | \$51,744 | \$55,840 | \$60,299 | \$63,836 | 27.4\% |

[^23]
## Comparison of Benefits by Pay Plan

The table below compares the different employer funded benefits afforded to full-time SPS employees. Benefits afforded to part-time employees are prorated accordingly.

|  | Career Service | Selected Exempt Service | Senior Management Service |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ranges from 8.667 to 13 hours accrued per month depending on length of service (104 to 156 hours annually). <br> Upon termination from the SPS, with a minimum of one continuous year of service, eligible for payment of up to 240 hours (this is a lifetime payment cap). | Receives 176 hours upon appointment date and on each anniversary date. <br> Upon termination from the SPS, may be paid up to 480 hours. The most recent accrual is prorated at the time of separation. | Same as Selected Exempt Service. |
| O | 8.667 hours accrued per month (104 hours annually, regardless of length of service). <br> Upon termination from the SPS, with minimum of 10 years of service, terminal payment of sick leave for either $1 / 4$ of the balance or 480 hours, whichever is less. | Receives 104 hours upon appointment date and on each anniversary date. <br> Upon termination from the SPS, with minimum of 10 years of service, terminal payment of sick leave for either $1 / 4$ of the balance or 480 hours, whichever is less. | Same as Selected Exempt Service. |
| n \% 응 우 a | Nine paid holidays each calendar year and one paid personal holiday each fiscal year. | Same as Career Service. | Same as Career Service. |
| - | Group Health Standard PPO or HMO: <br> The employee pays a monthly premium of $\$ 50$ for individual coverage or $\$ 180$ for family coverage. The state pays a monthly premium of $\$ 763.46$ and $\$ 1,651.08$, respectively. <br> Group Disability Insurance: N/A Offered only as a supplemental policy. The employee pays $100 \%$ of the premium. <br> Basic Life Insurance: Coverage is $\$ 25,000$. The state pays $100 \%$ of the premium. | Group Health Standard PPO or HMO: <br> The employee pays a monthly premium of $\$ 8.34$ for individual coverage or $\$ 30$ for family coverage. The state pays monthly premium of $\$ 770.12$ and \$1,685.38, respectively. <br> Group Disability Insurance: 65\% of income for maximum of 364 days of continuous disability. Must exhaust all leave first (may be offset by certain other benefits). The state pays $100 \%$ of the premium. <br> Basic Life Insurance: Same as Career Service. | Group Health Standard PPO or HMO: <br> Same as Selected Exempt Service. <br> Group Disability Insurance: Same as Selected Exempt Service. <br> Basic Life Insurance: Same as Career Service. |

[^24]
## Comparison of Benefits by Pay Plan

|  | Career Service | Selected Exempt Service | Senior Management Service |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FRS Pension Plan (Defined Benefit): <br> Effective July 1, 2011, and after, all active FRS Pension Plan and Investment Plan employees contribute 3 percent of their compensation. Total and permanent duty and non-duty disability and non-duty and duty death benefits are available. <br> If initially enrolled in the FRS prior to July 1, 2011: <br> Regular Class: Six-year vesting. Normal retirement at age 62 or after 30 years at any age before age 62. Retirement benefit based on percentage value ${ }^{1}$ of 1.60 percent to 1.68 percent, based on age/length of service. <br> Regular Class: In the line of duty (ILOD) disability benefit minimum is 42 percent of average final compensation (AFC) while non-duty disability minimum is 25 percent of AFC. ILOD death minimum benefit is 50 percent of base salary at time of death. <br> Special Risk Class: Six-year vesting. Normal retirement at age 55 or after 25 years at any age before age 55. <br> Retirement benefit based on percentage value ${ }^{1}$ of 3 percent for service on and after Oct. 1, 1974. <br> Special Risk Class²: ILOD disability minimum benefit is 65 percent of AFC; non-duty same as Regular Class. ILOD death minimum benefit is 100 percent of base salary at time of death. | FRS Pension Plan (Defined Benefit): <br> Same as Career Service. <br> If initially enrolled in the FRS prior to July 1, 2011: <br> Regular Class: Same as Career Service. <br> Regular Class ILOD: Same as Career Service. <br> Special Risk Class: Same as Career Service. <br> Special Risk Class ILOD: Same as Career Service. | FRS Pension Plan (Defined Benefit): <br> Effective July 1, 2011, and after, all active FRS Pension Plan, Investment Plan, and Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program employees contribute 3 percent of their compensation. <br> If initially enrolled in the FRS prior to July 1, 2011: <br> SMS Class: Six-year vesting. Normal retirement at age 62 or after 30 years at any age before age 62. Retirement benefit based on percentage value ${ }^{1}$ of 2 percent. <br> SMS Class ILOD: Same as Career Service. |

[^25]
## Comparison of Benefits by Pay Plan

|  | Career Service | Selected Exempt Service | Senior Management Service |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | If initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011: <br> Regular Class: Eight-year vesting. Normal retirement at age 65 or after 33 years at any age before age 65. Retirement benefit based on percentage value ${ }^{1}$ of $1.60 \%$ to $1.68 \%$, based on age/length of service. <br> Regular Class: In the line of duty (ILOD) disability benefit minimum is $42 \%$ of average final compensation (AFC) while non-duty disability minimum is $25 \%$ of AFC. ILOD death benefit is the same as pre-July 2011. <br> Special Risk Class: Eight-year vesting. Normal retirement at age 60 or after 30 years at any age before age 60. Retirement benefit based on percentage value ${ }^{1}$ of $3 \%$ for service on and after Oct. 1, 1974. <br> Special Risk Class: ILOD disability minimum benefit is $65 \%$ of AFC; nonduty same as Regular Class. ILOD death benefit is the same as pre-July 2011. <br> FRS Investment Plan (Defined Contribution): <br> One-year vesting for contributions made while participating in the Investment Plan. ${ }^{2}$ State contributes 3.3 percent of salary into Regular Class employees' accounts and $11 \%$ of salary into Special Risk employees' accounts. Total and permanent disability retirements available. ${ }^{3}$ ILOD disability and non-duty minimum benefits are the same as Pension Plan | If initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011: <br> Regular Class: Same as Career Service. <br> Regular Class ILOD: Same as Career Service. <br> Special Risk Class: Same as Career Service. <br> Special Risk Class ILOD: Same as Career Service. <br> FRS Investment Plan (Defined Contribution): Same as Career Service. | If initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011: <br> SMS Class: Eight-year vesting. Normal retirement at age 65 or after 33 years at any age before age 65 . Retirement benefit based on percentage value ${ }^{1}$ of $2 \%$. <br> SMS Class ILOD: Same as Career Service. <br> SMS Optional Annuity Program (Defined Contribution): Immediate vesting upon signing an investment contract with provider company. State contributes 6.27\% of salary into SMS employees' accounts. Closed to new members effective July 1, 2017. <br> FRS Investment Plan (Defined Contribution): <br> One-year vesting for contributions made while participating in the Investment Plan. ${ }^{2}$ State contributes 4.67\% into SMS employees' accounts. Total and permanent disability retirements available. ${ }^{3}$ ILOD disability and non-duty disability and ILOD death benefits same as Career Service. |

[^26]| members. ILOD death benefit is the <br> same as Peon Plan members. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

benefit calculated and paid under the Pension Plan. The employer pays an additional contribution to fund the benefit costs not covered by the surrendered employee account: $0.25 \%$ for Regular class members, $1.33 \%$ for Special Risk class members and $0.26 \%$ for Senior Management Service class members.
${ }^{1}$ Eligible survivor must surrender the Investment Plan account balance to receive a lifetime monthly retirement benefit calculated and paid under the Pension Plan. The employer pays an additional contribution to fund the benefit costs not covered by the surrendered employee account: $0.05 \%$ for Regular class members, $1.21 \%$ for Special Risk class members, and $0.05 \%$ for Senior Management Service class members.

## Average Total Compensation Cost: Salaries and Benefits

Benefits, ${ }^{1}$ for purposes of this report, are defined as the quantifiable amount spent by the State of Florida on annual and sick leave, paid holidays, retirement and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy, group health and term life insurance, and matching for Social Security and Medicare. In addition, disability insurance is provided for employees in the Selected Exempt and Senior Management Services.

FIVE-YEAR TREND: AVERAGE TOTAL COMPENSATION COST BY PAY PLAN

| Date | Pay Plan | Benefit | Salary | Total Compensation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2018 \end{aligned}$ | Career Service | \$28,459 | \$37,163 | \$65,623 |
|  | Selected Exempt Service | \$37,481 | \$57,972 | \$95,453 |
|  | Senior Management Service | \$72,911 | \$114,265 | \$187,176 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | Career Service | \$29,805 | \$37,463 | \$67,268 |
|  | Selected Exempt Service | \$38,895 | \$58,254 | \$97,149 |
|  | Senior Management Service | \$76,204 | \$115,542 | \$191,746 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | Career Service | \$30,665 | \$37,668 | \$68,333 |
|  | Selected Exempt Service | \$39,868 | \$58,793 | \$98,661 |
|  | Senior Management Service | \$77,356 | \$116,274 | \$193,630 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2021 \end{aligned}$ | Career Service | \$32,597 | \$39,500 | \$72,097 |
|  | Selected Exempt Service | \$41,835 | \$60,675 | \$102,510 |
|  | Senior Management Service | \$80,437 | \$119,819 | \$200,256 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2022 \end{aligned}$ | Career Service | \$34,062 | \$40,803 | \$74,865 |
|  | Selected Exempt Service | \$43,728 | \$61,623 | \$105,351 |
|  | Senior Management Service | \$87,736 | \$122,353 | \$210,089 |

As of June 30, 2022, the average total compensation cost for each pay plan was as follows:

- Career Service: $\$ 74,865$. Includes $\$ 40,803(54.5 \%)$ in salary plus $\$ 34,062(45.5 \%)$ in benefits. The Career Service benefits package had a value equivalent to $83.5 \%$ of the average salary.
- Selected Exempt Service: $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 5 , 3 5 1}$. Includes $\$ 61,623(58.5 \%)$ in salary plus $43,728(41.5 \%)$ in benefits. The Selected Exempt Service benefits package had a value equivalent to $71.0 \%$ of the average salary.
- Senior Management Service: $\mathbf{\$ 2 1 0 , 0 8 9}$. Includes $\$ 122,353(58.2 \%)$ in salary plus $\$ 87,736(41.8 \%)$ in benefits. The Senior Management Service benefits package had a value equivalent to $71.7 \%$ of the average salary.

[^27]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Turnover is defined as an employee-initiated separation from the SPS and includes movement of an employee to a state government agency outside the SPS.
    ${ }^{2} 27$ US Employee Turnover Statistics [2023]: Average Employee Turnover Rate, Industry comparisons and Trends - Zippia.com
    ${ }^{3}$ The Public Service Commission is a part of the Legislative Branch and is excluded from the reporting requirements in Section 110.112, Florida Statutes.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ United States Census Bureau. Calculation utilized March 2021 United States Census data for a one-month period for total state employees (full time and part time), and July 2021 United States Census data for state population.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ As defined by the United States Census Bureau, a full-time equivalent is a computed statistic representing the number of full-time employees who could have been employed if the reported number of hours worked by part-time employees had been worked by full-time employees.
    ${ }^{2}$ United States Census Bureau. Calculation utilized March 2021 United States Census data for a one-month period for full-time equivalent state employment and July 2021 United States Census data for state population.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ United States Census Bureau. Calculation utilized March 2021 United States Census data for a one-month period for state government employee payroll expenditures and July 2021 United States Census data for state population.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ An established position is an authorized position that has been classified in accordance with a classification plan and pay plan as provided by law. An established position does not include Other Personal Services employment or indicate that the position is filled.
    ${ }^{2}$ Numbers depict employee count for fall 2021 as reported by the Institutional Research Department at the Florida Board of Governors.
    ${ }^{3}$ Data does not include interns and legislators. Data obtained from the Florida Legislature's Florida Transparency website: http://transparencyflorida.gov.
    ${ }^{4}$ Includes the following pay plans: Fixed Salary - Elected or Appointed Officials (pay plan 05), Fixed Salary - Senior Management Service Benefits (pay plan 15) and Fixed Salary - Senior Management Service Leave Benefits (pay plan 16).
    ${ }^{5}$ Represents positions in pay plan 04 - Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind. In addition, they have other positions that are a part of the SPS.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Cabinet: entities are headed by an independently elected official.
    ${ }^{2}$ Governor and Cabinet: entities are headed by the Governor and Cabinet.
    ${ }^{3}$ Governor: entities are headed by an appointee of the Governor.
    ${ }^{4}$ Legislative: Although the Florida Legislature is not a part of the SPS, most of the employees of the Public Service Commission are considered part of the SPS per section 110.205(2)(b), Florida Statutes.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Minorities include employees having identified themselves as Black or African American, Hispanic, or Latino, Asian, American Indian or Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, or Some Other Race or two or more races.
    2 "Other" includes Asian, American Indian or Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, or Some Other Race or two or more races.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Agency for State Technology underwent a legislative-directed transfer to Department of Management Services.
    ${ }^{2}$ These entities have employees in other pay plans that are not represented in this report. Because these numbers reflect only part of the overall employees of these entities, caution should be used when drawing any conclusions regarding employee changes since they would have to be based upon a separate analysis.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Employee count is determined by counting the number of distinct Social Security numbers in each agency, excluding Other Personal Services employees.
    ${ }^{2}$ Agency for State Technology underwent a legislative-directed transfer to Department of Management Services.
    ${ }^{3}$ These entities have employees in other pay plans that are not represented in this report. As these numbers reflect only part of the overall employees of these entities, caution should be used when drawing any conclusions regarding employee changes, as they would have to be based upon a separate analysis.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ These entities have employees in other pay plans that are not represented in this report. As these numbers reflect only part of the overall employees of these entities, caution should be used when drawing any conclusions regarding employee changes, as they would have to be based upon a separate analysis.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Agency for State Technology underwent a legislative-directed transfer to Department of Management Services.

[^11]:    ${ }^{1}$ The State Employees Attorneys Guild is affiliated with the Federation of Physicians and Dentists, which includes representation of the Selected Exempt Service Attorneys Unit.
    ${ }^{2}$ The Florida State Lodge Fraternal Order of Police was certified as the bargaining agent to represent the Special Agent Unit on September 25, 2020.

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ Separation type Death of Employee includes Death of Employee in the Line of Duty.
    ${ }^{2}$ Separation type Dismissal includes Dismissal - Employee Also Retires.

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ Separation type Death of Employee includes Death of Employee in the Line of Duty.
    ${ }^{2}$ Separation type Dismissal includes Dismissal-Employee Also Retires.
    ${ }^{3}$ These entities do not have employees in the Career Service.

[^14]:    ${ }^{1}$ These entities do not have employees in the Career Service.

[^15]:    ${ }^{1}$ Data provided by People First data warehouse and validated by the agencies.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data provided by the agencies.
    ${ }^{3}$ These entities have employees in other pay plans that are not represented in this report. Because numbers reflect only part of the overall employees of these entities, caution should be used when drawing any conclusions regarding employee changes since they would have to be based upon a separate analysis.

[^16]:    ${ }^{1}$ Available Labor Market data for Florida was compiled by the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, Bureau of Labor Market Statistics, using the EEO Tabulation 2014-2018 (five-year American Community Survey data) that was produced by the United States Census Bureau.
    ${ }^{2}$ Other includes Asian, American Indian or Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, or Some Other Race or two or more races.

[^17]:    ${ }^{1}$ Agency did not develop/implement an Affirmative Action Plan for FY 2021-2022, but indicated they were in the process of doing so.
    ${ }^{2}$ The Public Service Commission is a part of the Legislative branch and is excluded from the reporting requirements in section 110.112 , Florida Statutes.

[^18]:    ${ }^{1}$ These entities have employees in other pay plans that are not represented in this report. Because these numbers reflect only part of the overall employees of these entities, use caution when drawing any conclusions regarding employee changes since they would have to be based upon a separate analysis.

[^19]:    ${ }^{1}$ Other includes Asian, American Indian or Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, or Some Other Race or two or more races, or Unknown.
    ${ }^{2}$ These entities have employees in other pay plans that are not represented in this report. Because numbers reflect only part of the overall employees of these entities, use caution when drawing any conclusions regarding employee changes since they would have to be based upon a separate analysis.

[^20]:    ${ }^{1}$ These entities have employees in other pay plans that are not represented in this report. Because these numbers reflect only part of the overall employees of these entities, use caution when drawing any conclusions regarding employee changes since they would have to be based upon a separate analysis.

[^21]:    ${ }^{1}$ These entities have employees in other pay plans that are not represented in this report. Because these numbers reflect only part of the overall employees of these entities, use caution when drawing any conclusions since they would have to be based upon a separate analysis.

[^22]:    ${ }^{1}$ Legislatively approved pay additives were authorized in the General Appropriations Act.
    ${ }^{2}$ These entities have employees in other pay plans that are not represented in this report. Because these numbers reflect only part of the overall employees of these entities, use caution when drawing any conclusions since they would have to be based upon a separate analysis.

[^23]:    ${ }^{1}$ The Social Security, Medicare, and retirement components are comprised of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) contribution for Regular class membership (10.82\%) and Senior Management Service class (29.01\%) and the employer Social Security (6.2\%) and Medicare (1.45\%) contributions. Employees in other retirement classes receive varying contribution rates that were not used in the calculation. The retirement contribution includes the uniform employer blended rates, uniform unfunded actuarial liability rates, $1.66 \%$ for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy and the fee of $0.06 \%$ for administration of the FRS Investment Plan and provision of educational tools for both plans.
    ${ }^{2}$ The average salaries of Career Service, Selected Exempt Service, and Senior Management Service employees depicted in the Workforce Profile on Page 17 were used to calculate the benefits. Family group insurance premiums were used for the health insurance cost calculation.
    ${ }^{3}$ Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, Bureau of Labor Market Statistics, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages Program, May 2022.

[^24]:    ${ }^{1}$ Employees may elect a health investor health plan with a health savings account option in lieu of traditional preferred provider (PPO) or health maintenance organizations (HMO).
    Source: Chapters 110 and 121, Florida Statutes, and the General Appropriations Act for FY 2021-2022.

[^25]:    ${ }^{1}$ The percentage value is the value that employees in the Pension Plan receive for each year of creditable service. The annual benefit amount at normal retirement is calculated based on the following formula: (Years of Creditable Service) x (Percentage Value) x (Average of the Highest Five Fiscal Years of Compensation) = Annual Benefit Amount. This amount is adjusted for early retirement and benefit payment option chosen. Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is a proportion of $3 \%$ based on service prior to July 1,2011 , divided by total service credit at retirement.
    2019 Legislation - Establishes a presumption that an illness occurred in the line of duty for firefighters who are employed full-time by a state board, commission, department, division, bureau or agency, or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state and who die or are totally and permanently disabled due to one of the designated 21 types of cancers specified by the bill or due to circumstances arising out of the treatment of one of these cancers.
    2022 Legislation - Includes correctional officers in the presumption that the illness occurred in the line of duty for post-traumatic stress disorder.

[^26]:    ${ }^{1}$ The percentage value is the value that employees receive for each year of creditable service. The annual benefit amount at normal retirement is calculated based on the following formula: (Years of Creditable Service) x (Percentage Value) x (Average of the Highest Eight Fiscal Years of Compensation) $=$ Annual Benefit Amount. This amount is adjusted for early retirement and benefit payment option chosen. No post-retirement COLA.
    ${ }^{2}$ If the member transfers the present value of Pension Plan service to the Investment Plan, becoming vested for the present value transfer amount and associated earnings are subject to the Pension Plan vesting requirements. If the Investment Plan member does not have eight or more years of service at distribution or after being inactive for more than five years, any non-vested funds, including the present value of Pension Plan service and associated earnings, are forfeited.
    ${ }^{3}$ Employee must meet Pension Plan vesting requirements for non-duty or in-line-of-duty disability retirement, have total and permanent disability certified by two physicians at the time of separation from employment and surrender the Investment Plan account balance to receive a lifetime monthly retirement

[^27]:    ${ }^{1}$ Other employer-funded benefits were not included because the state's cost is either not pre-funded on a per-capita basis or is not an ongoing expense for every position, e.g., workers' compensation, paid disability leave, or tuition waivers. The amounts represented reflect the employer's portion of costs.

